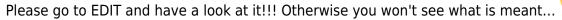
Syntax

DokuWiki is characterised by simple text formatting, among other things. This means that the files containing the content remain easy to read. The possible formatting types that can be used within the editor are listed in the following sections. Some of the formatting presented here can also be accessed directly via the paick buttons. You can find a first example of how the structure of a page can look if you display this page in source code mode. To do this, click on the "Preview" button.

To try out or practise, you can use the Playground can be used for testing or practising.

PC CADDIE as text in the wiki

Because we always want to have PC CADDIE in one line in the wiki, we write it as follows: PC CADDIE





1 Texts

1.1 Formatting

DokuWiki supports **bold**, *italics*, <u>underlined</u> and bold (Thick) text. Of course everything can be **combined** can be combined.

```
DokuWiki supports **bold**, //italics//, __underlined__ and ''bold'' text.

Of course, everything can also be **__//''combined''//__** can be combined.
```

There are also $_{\mbox{\tiny deep-set}}$ and $^{\mbox{\tiny superscript}}$ text.

There are also _{subscript} and ^{superscript} text.

Text can be deleted¹⁾ can be marked as deleted.

Text can be marked as deleted can be marked as deleted.

1.2 Paragraphs

A paragraph is created by an empty line. A new line (line break) can be created by two "backslashes" (backslashes inverted: \\) followed by a space.

This is an example text with some line breaks.

Note: The two backslashes are only recognised if they are at the end of the line or if they are followed by a followed by a space.

This is how\it looks without spaces.

This is an example text with some line breaks.\\ Note: The two backslashes are only recognised if they are at the end of the line\\ or if they are followed by a\\ followed by a space.\\ This is how\\it looks without spaces.

Line breaks with two "backslashes" (backslashes inverted: \\) should only be used if they are absolutely necessary.

1.3 Headings

The content of a page can be structured with five different levels, separated by headings. The headings are framed with a maximum of six "=", depending on their size. H1 is the heading at the highest level. The easiest way to create headings is to use the toolbar. The headings are inserted using the buttons that display an "H".

It is <u>useful</u>if there is always a level 1 heading at the beginning of an article.

If there are more than three headings on a page, a table of contents is automatically created which lists all the headings. If this table of contents is not to be created, the command: ~~NOTOC~~ must be included in the page.

```
===== Heading level 1 ======
==== Heading level 2 =====
=== Heading level 3 ====
=== Heading level 4 ===
== Heading level 5 ==
```

No further formatting can be carried out within headings by default! (s. FAQ - Header links)

1.4 Unformatted sections

To display text as it was written, regardless of whether it contains DokuWiki formatting or other formatting, you can start each line with two spaces (as used in this page) or use one of the identifiers "code" or "file". line with two spaces (as used in this page) or use one of the identifiers "code" or "file":

```
Mit "code": In diesem Text werden keine überflüssigen Leerzeichen entfernt: wie hier <-- zwischen
```

```
<file plain Beispiel.txt>
Mit dem Bezeichner "file" kann ein bestimmter Abschnitt als einzelner
```

```
Bestandteil
auf einer Seite zum Download angeboten werden.
</file>
```

The syntax highlighting described in the section below can also be activated within "file". syntax highlighting described in the section below.

HelloWorld.pl

```
#!/usr/bin/perl
print "Hello World!\n";
```

```
<file perl HelloWorld.pl>
#!/usr/bin/perl
print "Hello World!\n";
</file>
```

To disable any conversion by DokuWiki, enclose the corresponding area with "nowiki" identifiers or shorter with double percent signs %%.

This text contains links like: http://www.splitbrain.org and **formatting** but they are not converted and appear as normal text.

This text is now marked with %% and has the same effect as "nowiki". "This text contains links like: http://www.splitbrain.org and **formatting** but they are not converted and appear as normal text."

Just look at the source code of this page (press the "Edit" button) to see how these blocks are applied.

1.5 Syntax highlighting

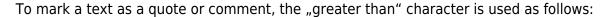
DokuWiki recognises syntax highlighting for source code to increase its readability. For this purpose GeSHi "Generic Syntax Highlighter" is used. This means that every programming language known to GeSHi is supported. The same identifier is used as in the previous section, except that it now also contains the name of the language: <code java> Quelltext </code>

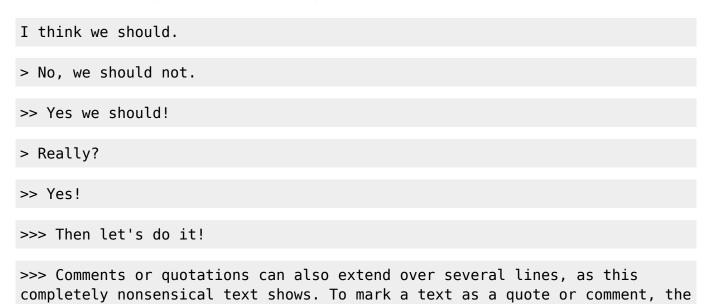
```
/**
 * The HelloWorldApp class implements an application that
 * simply displays "Hello World!" to the standard output.
 */
class HelloWorldApp {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println("Hello World!"); //Display the string.
    }
}
```

The following languages are supported: actionscript, actionscript-french, ada, apache, applescript, asm, asp, bash, caddcl, cadlisp, **c**, c_mac, cpp, csharp, css, **delphi**, diff, d, div, dos, eiffel, freebasic,

gml, html4strict, ini, inno, **java**javascript, lisp, lua, matlab, mpasm, nsis, objc, ocaml, ocaml-brief, oobas, oracle8, pascal, perl, php-brief, **php**python, qbasic, scheme, sdlbasic, smarty, **sql**, ruby, vb, vbnet, vhdl, visualfoxpro, **xml**

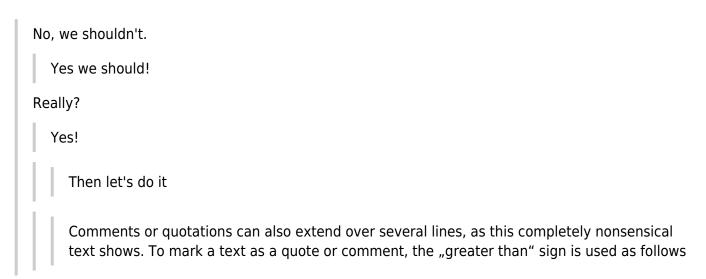
1.6 Quote / comment





I think we should do it

"greater than" sign is used as follows



1.7 Escape character

If you want to prevent DokuWiki from carrying out any formatting or conversions in the text, you can use the percentage signs

%[[wiki:testseite|Testseite]]%

1.8 Footnotes

Footnotes ²⁾ are represented by a double round bracket ³⁾. The text between the brackets is written at the end of the page. The order and thus the numbering is taken over by DokuWiki.

Footnotes ((this is a footnote)) are represented by a double round bracket ((a second footnote))

2 Links

Five different types of links can be used with DokuWiki:

2.1 External

External links (links to other websites or files) are recognised automatically: http://www.google.com or simply www.google.com. Links can also be hidden behind your own terms: hier is google. E-mail addresses are placed in angle brackets: andi@splitbrain.org.

External links are recognised automatically: http://www.google.com or simply www.google.com.

Links can also be hidden behind your own terms: [[http://www.google.com|hier is google]].

E-mail addresses are placed in angle brackets: <andi@splitbrain.org>.

2.2 Internal

Internal links, i.e. links to pages within DokuWiki, are enclosed in double square brackets ("Alt Gr+8" or Alt Gr+9 on Windows or Option+5 and Option+6 on Apple operating systems): pagename

A link can also be hidden behind a term or a description: Description for a link.

Internal links are placed in double square brackets:

pagename

A link can also be hidden behind a term or a description: [[pagename|Description for a link]].

File names for new pages in the wiki are automatically converted to lower case! Umlauts and special characters are not allowed!

A colon resolves name ranges in the wiki: namespaces

```
A colon resolves name ranges in the wiki:[[de:namespaces]]
```

Further information on namespaces: de:namespaces .

It is also possible to link to a specific section within the document (anchor). The section name is appended to the page name, separated by a double cross (#).

This example links to this section.

```
This example links to [[en:wiki:syntax#intern|this section]].
```

Notes:

- Links to existing pages are displayed differently than links to nicht-existierenden pages.
- DokuWiki does not use CamelCase for links by default. However, this can be changed in the settings file: Config. Note If the word "DokuWiki" is displayed as a link, then this option is switched on.
- If a heading in the target document changes, the anchor leads to nothing without the link being displayed as faulty.
- Anchors are written in lower case, spaces with underscores and umlauts with their transliteration (ä = ae) are used.

2.3 Interwiki

DokuWiki also supports links to other wikis, so-called **a** de:interwiki links. A link to the Wikipedia page about wikis: **a** Wiki

```
DokuWiki also supports links to other wikis, so-called [[doku>de:interwiki]] links.
```

A link to the Wikipedia page about wikis:[[wpde>Wiki]]

2.4 Windows shares

DokuWiki also recognises links to Windows shares: shared-folder. However, this only makes sense in a homogeneous user group (see **1** Intranet).

```
[[\\server\freigabe|this]].
```

Note:

- For security reasons, direct navigation through the shares only works with Internet Explorer by default (and only in the "local zone")!
- For Mozilla and Firefox it can be switched on with the option security.checkloaduri option, but this is not recommended! (Further information: Links to local pages do not work)
- Opera ignores as a security feature since Version 7.54 ignores all links to file: in web pages.

• For more information see: 151

2.5 Images as links

Images can be used for a link to an internal or external file. To do this, the syntax for displaying links is simply combined with the syntax for displaying images (see below):

[[http://www.php.net|{{wiki:dokuwiki-128.png}}]]



Please note: Image formatting is the only formatting that can be used in link names!

3 Images and other files

3.1 Saving images in DokuWiki

To be able to save images in the DokuWiki, the user must have the appropriate authorisation (ACL). At least the authorisation "Upload" is required for uploading and "Delete" for deleting for the namespace namespace is required.

3.2 Size of images

Both external and internal images can be integrated with curly brackets. Internal images can be included. In this example, the image is called "dokuwiki-128.png". Its size can be specified as an option:



Original size:

Specify a width:



Specify width and height:

Specify size for external images:

Original size: {{wiki:dokuwiki-128.png}}

Specify a width: {{wiki:dokuwiki-128.png?50}}

Specify width and height: {{wiki:dokuwiki-128.png?200x50}}

Specify size for external images:

{{http://de3.php.net/images/php.gif?200x50}}

3.3 Aligning images

With spaces to the right and/or left within the brackets, an image can be aligned horizontally (left, centred, right).













When aligning and using a title, make sure that the title comes after the space:

```
{{wiki:dokuwiki-128.png |Left-aligned}}
{{ wiki:dokuwiki-128.png |centred }}
{{ wiki:dokuwiki-128.png|Right-aligned}}
```

3.4 Tooltips

Titles, displayed as tooltips in most browsers, can also be specified.



{{ wiki:dokuwiki-128.png |This is a title}}

3.5 File download

If a file is specified that does not contain an image (gif, jpeg, png), it is displayed as a link and offered for download.

Example

```
{{ wiki:dokuwiki-128.txt |Beispiel}}
```

3.6 Automatic linking

Images are automatically created with a link to your Metadaten - e.g:

This behaviour can be prevented via the option ?nolink⁴. this, often undesirable, behaviour cannot currently (13.03.2009) be deactivated for the entire DokuWiki)):



In addition, ?direct can be used to link directly to the image, e.g. as a full view:



4 Lists

DokuWiki recognises unsorted and numbered lists. To create a list entry, start a line with two spaces. These spaces are then followed by a "*" for unsorted lists or a "-" for numbered lists.

- This is an entry in an unsorted list
- A second entry
 - Different levels of a list by adding another two spaces
- Another entry
- 1. This is an entry of a numbered list
- 2. A second entry
 - 1. Different levels of a list by adding two more spaces
- 3. Another entry
- * Dies ist ein Eintrag einer unsortierten Liste
- * Ein zweiter Eintrag
- * Unterschiedliche Ebenen einer Liste durch Hinzufügen von weiteren zwei Leerzeichen
 - * Noch ein Eintrag
 - Dies ist ein Eintrag einer nummerierte Liste
 - Ein zweiter Eintrag
- Unterschiedliche Ebenen einer Liste durch Hinzufügen von weiteren zwei Leerzeichen
 - Noch ein Eintrag

5 tables

5.1 Basic structure

DokuWiki makes it very easy to create tables:

highlighted	for example for	a title line
Line 1 Column 1	Line 1 Column 2	Line 1 Column 3
Line 2 Column 1	double column width (note the double vertical line)	
Row 3 Column 1	Row 2 Column 2	Row 2 Column 3
Row 4 Column 1		Line 4 Column 3

Fields in a table start with "|" for a normal field or with a "^" for a highlighted field.

5.2 Formatting/alignment

Blank cells

Cells across several columns are created if, as shown above, as many "|" or "^" without spaces in between are placed at the end of such a column as there are columns to be bridged. In short: All rows of a table must have the same number of field separators "|" or "^".

Highlighted fields in vertical alignment are also possible.

	highlighted 1	highlighted 2
highlighted 3	Line 1 Column 2	Line 1 Column 3
highlighted 4	Line 2 Column 2	
highlighted 5	Line 3 Column 2	Line 3 Column 3

As we can see, the field separator ($_{"}$ |" or $_{"}$ ^") in front of a cell determines its appearance:

Connect cells

Fields over several rows (**vertically connected cells**) can be joined by adding ::: in the cell to be joined.

Title row 1	Title row 2	Title row 3
Row 1 Column 1		Row 1 Column 3
Row 2 Column 1	This cell is vertically connected	Row 2 Column 3
Line 3 Column 1		Line 3 Column 3

Apart from the three colons, the cell to be joined must not have any other content.

Fields over several columns (**horizontally connected cells**) can be created by adding ^ or | in the cell to be joined.

Title row 1	Title row 2	Title row 3
Row 1 Column 1	This cell is conne	cted horizontally
Row 2 Column 1	Row 2 Column 2	Row 2 Column 3
Line 3 Column 1	Line 3 Column 2	Line 3 Column 3

Apart from the three colons, the cell to be joined must not have any other content.

Text alignment

The content of a cell can be aligned horizontally within the cell:

- Right-aligned two spaces to the left of the text
- Left-aligned spaces to the right of the text
- Centred two spaces to the left and right of the text

Table with alignment				
Right	Centre	Left centre		
Left centre	Right centre	Centre		
xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxxx		

This is what the formatting looks like:

Note on the vertical bar character: this character can be reached on a PC keyboard by pressing the "<" bei zusätzlich gedrückter "AltGr"-Taste. Ist dort auch aufgedruckt. Apple-Nutzer erreichen das Zeichen mit der Wahltaste ("Alt") und der "7".

6 sonstige Formatierungen

6.1 horizontale Linie

Mit vier aufeinander folgenden Minuszeichen (alleine in einer Zeile) kann eine horizontale Linie erzeugt werden:

6.2 Smileys

DokuWiki verwandelt oft genutzte Semoticons zu kleinen Smiley-Grafiken. Weitere Smiley-Grafiken können im Ordner "smily" abgelegt und dann in der Datei conf/smileys.conf bzw. für benutzereigene Smileys unter conf/smileys.local.conf eingetragen werden. Hier ist nun eine Übersicht der standardmäßig in DokuWiki enthaltenen Smileys:



6.3 Typografie

DokuWiki kann einfache Textzeichen in ihre typografischen Entsprechungen umwandeln. Hier eine Liste aller Zeichen, die DokuWiki kennt:

```
\rightarrow \leftarrow \leftrightarrow \Rightarrow \leftarrow \Rightarrow \times - \sim 640×480 ^{\circ} ^{\circ} ^{\circ} ^{\circ} ^{\circ} ^{\circ} He thought 'It's a man's world'..."
```

```
-> <- <-> => <= <=> >> << -- --- 640x480 (c) (tm) (r) "He thought 'It's a man's world'..."
```

Bitte beachtet: Diese Umwandlungen können in der Konfigurationsdatei abgestellt werden

6.4 HTML und PHP einbinden

In einer Seite kann sowohl HTML als auch PHP direkt benutzt werden.

<html> This is some HTML-Code </html>

```
<html>
This is some <font color="red" size="+1">HTML-Code</font>
</html>
```

<php> echo 'A logo generated by PHP:'; echo ''; </php>

```
<php>
echo 'A logo generated by PHP:';
echo '<img src="' . $_SERVER['PHP_SELF'] . '?=' . php_logo_guid() . '"
alt="PHP Logo !" />';
</php>
```

AttentionThe inclusion of HTML and PHP in a page can be switched off in the configuration file ⁵⁾. If this option is activated, the source code of these sections is displayed as text and not executed.

CautionIncluding HTML and PHP on a page on the Internet is usually a serious security risk! This function is only intended for the intranet!

7 Control macros

Some syntax commands influence how Dokuwiki displays a page when it is called up. The following control macros are available:

Macro	Description
~~NOTOC~~	If this macro is included in a page, the Table of Content is not created.
~~NOCACHE~~	All pages are cached for performance reasons. Under certain circumstances, however, this behaviour is not desired. When this macro is inserted, DokuWiki is instructed to rebuild the content of the page.

8 Syntax plugins

The syntax of DokuWiki can be extended by plugins. How the individual plugins are used can be found on the corresponding description pages. The following plugins are available on this DokuWiki installation:

- aichat plugin 2025-04-01 von Andreas Gohr Chat with a LLM about the contents of your wiki
- Changes Plugin 2023-12-14 von Andreas Gohr List the most recent changes of the wiki
- Structured Data Plugin 2024-01-30 von Andreas Gohr Add and query structured data in your wiki
- Dw2Pdf plugin 2023-11-25 von Andreas Gohr and Luigi Micco DokuWiki to PDF converter
- feedback plugin 2019-03-21 von Andreas Gohr Integrate a feedback tool into DokuWiki
- Gallery Plugin 2024-04-30 von Andreas Gohr
 Creates a gallery of images from a namespace or RSS/ATOM feed
- Indexmenu Plugin 2024-01-05 von Samuele Tognini, Gerrit Uitslag Show a customizable and sortable index for a namespace
- Info Plugin 2020-06-04 von Andreas Gohr
 Displays information about various DokuWiki internals
- Markdown Page Plugin 2021-01-09 von Mizunashi Mana Write your own Markdown page
- Pagebreak plugin 2016-02-16 von Jonathan McBride and Chris Sturm
 Inserts " <br style="page-break-after:always;"> " into the html of the document for every
 <pagebreak> it encounters
- rating plugin 2016-01-13 von Andreas Gohr Allows rating a page
- tablelayout plugin 2022-03-28 von Michael Große
 Set the width of table columns and set which lines to fix
- Tagging Plugin 2025-01-21 von Adrian Lang
 Allow users to annotate pages with tags, search for tags and show useful tag clouds.
- top plugin 2020-11-24 von Andreas Gohr show the top ten most visited pages
- Translation Plugin 2025-05-20 von Andreas Gohr Supports the easy setup of a multi-language wiki.
- Video Sharing Site Plugin 2025-02-21 von Andreas Gohr
 Easily embed videos from various Video Sharing sites. Example: {{youtube>XXXXXX}}}
- Wrap Plugin 2023-08-13 von Anika Henke
 Universal plugin which combines functionalities of many other plugins. Wrap wiki text inside

containers (divs or spans) and give them a class (choose from a variety of preset classes), a width and/or a language with its associated text direction.

If you need the tag "inserted" (<ins>) can realise this via plugins. See below!

this is a footnote

second footnote

finecessary, combine with an "&" with other options such as the size specification

configuration options htmlok or phpok